

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED). AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, No. 108 S. THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet), or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1870.

The earliest regular edition of THE EVENING TELEGRAPH goes to press at 1 1/2 o'clock, and the subsequent regular editions at 2 1/2, 3 1/2, and 4 1/2. Whenever there is important news of the progress of the European war, extra editions will be issued after this hour, and before the regular time for the early edition.

THE NEWS FROM FRANCE.

PARIS continues to be amused by stories of what Bazaine has done or is doing near the banks of the Moselle, while the Prussians positively affirm that his forces are hopelessly pent up within the walls of Metz. These rumors are revived so frequently that it is possible the doughty Marshal may have made his escape at the same time that a portion of his forces got away towards Etain. The conflicting accounts can only be reconciled by this supposition, or by the more probable theory that Parisian war news is so absolutely false that victories are systematically manufactured out of defeats, and Marshals credited with movements which are wholly imaginary.

But whether Bazaine is personally free or imprisoned, it is plain that the bulk of his army cannot be released through MacMahon's aid. The attempt to accomplish this object has failed as completely as all other French movements during the present campaign, and the great question now is, whether MacMahon himself will be able to take back to Paris any considerable force.

In the capital new symptoms of division and discontent are being developed. The bigotry of the Empress, it is said, has led her to authorize persecutions of Protestants who are falsely suspected of complicity with the invaders, and thus the dreadful element of religious discord has been invoked in a nation already distracted by innumerable dangers. The persecution of German residents, too, is vigorously continued. While the Prefect has requested all the non-combatants of the city to move away from Paris, tens of thousands of families are flocking into it from the environs. Food is growing scarce and dear. Pawnbrokers are refusing to advance money on goods of any description. The news from Strasburg is proving that while a garrison is holding out half a town may be destroyed by an investing army. And to these troubles are added the removal of the capital and the fears of impending political revolutions.

REVISION OF THE REPUBLICAN RULES.

While various plans for reforming the political system of the State are under consideration, the project of revising the rules of the Republican party of Philadelphia, which has a more immediate local interest, should not be neglected. A convention charged with this duty is to meet in about ten days. If it does its work thoroughly and well it will give new life to the Republican organization, but if it neglects its duties, or if it is run in the interest of rings and cliques, it will do more harm than good. The delegates to the convention are to be chosen by the various Republican ward committees, and there is danger that they will not avoid the temptation to appoint men who are more noted for their attachment to this or that clique than to the party as a whole. But in some instances, at least, we hope that able and disinterested Republicans will be appointed; and we trust that the convention will not blindly ignore the necessity of wise and judicious action.

The whole subject of local party management should be carefully considered, and the very best methods for conciliating the public and for ensuring good nominations should be devised.

We presume that it is scarcely possible that the Crawford county system, by which people vote directly for candidates, will be adopted here, and yet it has been resorted to satisfactorily in several counties after the delegate system had become thoroughly obnoxious. It has done more than any modern device to destroy the influence of intriguing politicians and to make the people powerful at the preliminary as well as the general elections. For this very reason managers and manipulators usually oppose it until a great uprising forces its adoption, and after every other expedient has been condemned we may fall back upon it here. Wire-pullers, however, are always ready to invent plausible reasons why the people cannot be trusted to manage their own business, and to prove conclusively that "it will never do" to dispense with the adroit aid of the leaders who always take wonderfully good care of their individual interests, while they often load down the party with oppressive burdens.

If we cannot have the Crawford county system, the next best thing is to extend the facilities for instructing delegates as much as possible. Let every voter give an expression of his wishes in regard to candidates, and let this record be counted up, publicly announced, and respected, as faithfully as circumstances will permit, by every delegate. Let the people have a clear understanding of what they vote for, as well as who is to act as their delegates.

In some of the counties of the State the old plan of basing the representation of each township or district on its total population has long since been discarded to give way for

the fairer plan of distributing power in a convention on the basis of the actual party vote polled at a previous test election. It is manifestly unjust that fifty Republicans who live in a Democratic division should have fully as much weight in a Republican city convention as three hundred Republicans who live in a strong Republican division. It would take some trouble to adjust this matter equitably, but a similar task has been performed in various portions of the interior, and it might be performed here. The end to be attained is the endowment of each individual member of the party with his just share, no more and no less, of influence in party councils. If the new Democratic system of having delegates to the city conventions appointed by ward conventions is adopted, it would be easy to make the number of delegates from each ward correspond with the actual Republican vote, and this rule could be extended from wards to smaller political divisions.

The disorderly scenes attending the organization of conventions should of course be avoided, but in doing this great care should be taken to prevent the appointment of temporary chairmen who would act unfairly, or prove slaves of a ring instead of honest members of a great party.

In this, as well as all other matters connected with partisan management, the avoidance of trickery and rascality is an object of primary importance. Fraud taints all transactions, whether of minor or grave importance, and if no means can be devised to stop cheating, it will be a matter of little consequence whether it is to be done under new rules or the old ones. If the convention devises a plan whereby good nominations can be fairly made, it will deserve the thanks of the community and the gratitude of the Republican party. If it fails in this vital purpose, its labors will possess little or no practical value.

STRAW BAIL.

EDWARD F. LANDMAN, who was arrested last week for attempting to rob the paymaster's safe at the Navy Yard, is believed to be a New York burglar of more than common skill, cunning, and daring, and no pains should have been spared to retain him in custody until his antecedents as well as the particular offense for which he was arrested could be thoroughly investigated. Alderman Kerr, with a proper appreciation of the importance of the case, when Landman had a hearing before him on Friday last, construed his offense to be burglary, which under the law is not bailable by an alderman, and therefore had him locked up in order to give the District Attorney an opportunity to take the proper steps for securing him permanently, and bringing him to justice. From the first the detectives seem to have taken an exceedingly friendly interest in the prisoner, and the two officers who escorted him to prison provided a carriage for his accommodation instead of subjecting him to the indignity of the regular prison van. Others of the detective force appeared to be anxiously exercised about him, not lest he should get out of the clutches of the law, but for fear lest he should not be able to do so, and they seem to have exerted themselves most assiduously to have him relieved from the discomforts and inconveniences of the County Prison as soon as possible. Scarcely had he been sent to prison when what purported to be a transcript of Alderman Kerr's docket was presented to Recorder Givin, and a man who represented himself to be John Schenkel, the proprietor of a liquor store at the corner of Warnock street and Columbia avenue, and who swore that he owned real estate assessed at \$6500 value, offered himself as bail, and was accepted by the Recorder, the amount of the bail being fixed at \$2500. No title-deeds were required to be shown, and although Landman was charged with one of the most serious offenses known to the law, and was suspected of being a skilful and daring professional burglar, he was allowed to make his escape with a facility that must impress him with the idea that Philadelphia is a tolerably safe place for him to operate in. The next day it was discovered that the individual who offered bail was not John Schenkel, and, as a consequence, the Recorder was badly sold, with an ease that must have been highly gratifying to Landman and his friends. Landman, of course, has taken himself to parts unknown; and if he is on hand when he is wanted, it will be because he has experienced a change of heart which will induce him to believe that a sojourn in our Penitentiary for a term of years is preferable to leading a life of sin outside its walls. Such a contingency as this, however, is so very remote that Landman need scarcely be expected to put in an appearance to answer the charges against him. The very least that can be said about the release of this thief is that it was a most unparadonable piece of carelessness on the part of Recorder Givin, who under all the peculiar circumstances of the case should have aided in retaining Landman in custody until the District Attorney had an opportunity to take measures for securing him permanently, or at least have demanded that the person offering himself as bail should produce some palpable evidences that he was actually a property owner. The investigation into this affair held before the Mayor on Wednesday, for the purpose of giving the detectives an opportunity to explain matters, demonstrated in a very conclusive manner the utter worthlessness of our detective system. The officers were, by their own showing, the common associates of thieves and gamblers, and it is impossible for them to make the people of this city believe that the eminently friendly terms that exist between the criminal classes and those whose duty it is to aid in bringing offenders against the law to punishment is at all conducive to the ends of justice. The detective force does not stand as high as it ought in the credit of the community, and in view of the many other suspicious circumstances that have been connected with the transactions of some

of its principal members, it is difficult not to believe that the escape of Landman was planned in the neighborhood of Fifth and Chestnut streets. Recorder Givin has always borne a high reputation for integrity, and we would hesitate to believe that he connived in any way at this effort to cheat justice, but he at least cannot excuse himself for having been cheated by one of the most transparent tricks that could have been resorted to. The Recorder owes it to himself and to the public to spare no effort to have Landman rearrested, and also to discover and bring to punishment the fictitious Mr. Schenkel. If this individual is brought to trial, convicted of perjury and sentenced to a term of years in the Penitentiary, a check will be placed upon the straw ball business, and first-class practitioners like Landman will think it prudent to display their talents in some other quarter.

THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

THE necessity for a House of Correction has been a subject for discussion in this city for many years, but notwithstanding the fact that the officers of the Almshouse, of the County Prison, and of the Penitentiary have urged the importance of such an institution, and the newspapers have kept the matter before the public continually, Councils on one pretext or another hesitated to adopt any active measures, and a year ago the prospects of our ever having a House of Correction were almost as remote as they were at the commencement of the last decade. Last March, however, Councils adopted a site known as the "River Farm," on a neck of land between the Delaware river and Pennypack creek, and a commission was appointed to select a plan for the buildings and to superintend their erection. On the 1st of June the commission decided in favor of the plan prepared by Mr. J. H. Windrim, the architect of the new Masonic Hall now being erected on Broad street, and yesterday the contract for putting up the buildings was awarded to Mr. R. J. Dobbins, who made the lowest bid, \$999,300. It will thus be seen that the long-needed House of Correction is at length likely to be an accomplished fact. According to the design of Mr. Windrim, the institution will consist of a main building, three stories in height, with four wings on each side. There will also be an attachment for a wash-house and kitchen. The main building will be 500 feet in length by 60 in width, and the wings 300 feet in length by 50 in width. The material used will be brown or grey stone, and it is calculated that it will take about three years to complete the structure. Mr. R. J. Dobbins, who has secured the building contract, has a deservedly high reputation as a builder. He has put up some of the finest edifices in the city, and his work is alike distinguished by good taste and elegance and by strength and solidity of construction. Mr. Dobbins owns his own brick-yards and stone quarries, which probably accounts for the fact that he is able to make a comparatively low bid. The Building Commission will require the contractor to give security in \$100,000, and ten per cent. of the whole construction fund will be withheld until the work is completed. It is a matter for sincere congratulation that we are, after long waiting, at last to have a House of Correction. It will relieve the County Prison, the Almshouse, and the Penitentiary of inmates who do not properly belong to either of those institutions, and it will, if properly administered, be an efficient check upon vagrancy, and will do more to aid in the permanent reformation of such plagues as the Bedford street district than any other influence that can be brought to bear.

The Republican County Conventions in Maine have taken to instructing their nominees and State Senators as to their votes for United States Senator next winter. Lincoln, Knox and Washington counties are said to favor Senator Morrill.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For Additional Special Notices see the Inside Pages. Education should be regarded as capital invested for the future. It will pay an annual income without expense for insurance, repairs, or taxes, and is always above par. Where one is wanted in the professions, a thousand are wanted thoroughly finished and educated for trade and commerce. Parents, think of this. YOUNG MEN AND ADULTS PRACTICALLY EDUCATED FOR BUSINESS AT CRITTENDEN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, No. 637 CHESTNUT STREET, corner of Seventh. ESTABLISHED 1844. INCORPORATED 1865. The longest established, best organized, and most largely attended Commercial College in the city. Its graduates are numbered by thousands, and are among our leading and most successful merchants and business men. In the thoroughness and practical value of its well-tried course of instruction, excellence of its arrangements, attention and ability of its teachers, and the number of applications received from business houses for its graduates to fill vacant positions, this institution is unequalled. The qualifications for business gained here have proved a fortune to hundreds of young men. The course of instruction includes Book-keeping in all its branches, just as practiced in the best mercantile houses and business establishments. Penmanship, free, rapid, and beautiful; Commercial Calculations, the best and shortest methods in use; Business Papers, Mercantile Dealings, Commercial Law, etc., etc. Students instructed separately and received at any time. Usual time for completing the course, from eight to sixteen weeks. Strangers assisted in procuring board, \$20 per cent. discount allowed those who enter before Sept. 5. Circulars and information sent free. Address: S. H. CRITTENDEN & CO., 92 1/2 4th St. Office, Commercial College, Philadelphia, Pa. STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS. CHARLES BLASIU, SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF THE WORLD-RENOVED PIANOS, AT THE OLD WAREHOUSES, (18 1/2 4th St.) No. 1006 CHESTNUT STREET. T. W. BAILY'S Old-established WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE, No. 622 MARKET STREET, six doors below Bevan's street. American and Imported Watches, Diamonds, and fine Gold Jewelry and Silver Ware, in every variety, at reasonable prices, and warranted. N. B.—Please call and examine our stock. No trouble to show goods. 9 1/2 1st

SPECIAL NOTICES. BOYS' SUITS. JOHN WANAMAKER. 819 and 830 CHESTNUT Street. Below Chestnut.

MUSIC SCHOOL.—MRS. ANNIE E. SIMPSON will open her Music School at No. 111 N. TWENTY-FIRST STREET (corner of Tower) on SEPTEMBER 12, 1870. Instruction on Piano and Violinet Organ and in Singing and Harmony. \$3 1/2 1m

CLOTHING. The People's Own Establishment. MORE THAN EVER BEFORE The people are realizing the ROCKHILL & WILSON are their best friends. THE STRIKING REDUCTION Made by ROCKHILL & WILSON on all grades of summer goods is making an impression on the hearts, the pockets, and the backs of our citizens, more than ever before. IT IS APPARENT That the public, knowing their best interests, are now flocking to the GREAT BROWN HALL, more than to all the other clothing houses put together, to secure the GREAT SUMMER BARGAINS.

LET US ALL GO And see the closing out of the Summer Stock of Elegant Raincoat at

ROCKHILL & WILSON 603 and 605 CHESTNUT STREET. CHARLES STOKES & CO., No. 824 CHESTNUT Street, CLOTHIER. LARGE AND CHOICE STOCK OF GOODS FOR CUSTOMER WORK. ALSO, FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING. GAS FIXTURES.

BAKER, ARNOLD & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GAS FIXTURES, CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, ETC., Of Every Design. SALESROOMS, No. 710 CHESTNUT Street, MANUFACTORY, S. W. Corner TWELFTH and BROWN, 5 23 2m 1/2 PHILADELPHIA. PIANOS. GEORGE STECK & CO.'S PIANOS, Grand, Square and Upright. Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs. AN ELEGANT STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

J. E. GOULD, No. 923 CHESTNUT STREET. ALBRECHT, RIEKES & SCHMIDT, MANUFACTURERS OF FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES. Full guarantee and moderate prices. WAREHOUSES, No. 610 ARCH Street. PIANIST FOR MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENTS or Dancing Soirees, No. 110 S. ELEVANTH Street. \$8 1m Reference.—Mr. Honer, No. 1102 Chestnut street. \$5 50. LARGE NUT White Ash, Pure and Clean. Give it a Trial. MITCHELL & WROTH'S COAL DEPOT, N. E. Cor. NINTH and GIRARD Aves. 9 2 1m 1/2 PHILADELPHIA. FOR SALE. A NEW AND ELEGANT BROWN-STONE RESIDENCE, East side of Logan Square. Replete with every convenience. Inquire at premises. Lot 22 by 156 feet. 9 2 1m

GROCERIES, ETC. 1870. EXTRA FINE New Mess Mackerel. Mess Sea Shad. CRIPPEN & MADDOCK, Dealers and Importers in Fine Groceries. No. 115 S. THIRD Street. 9 2 1m 1/2 Below Chestnut. JEWELRY ETC. J. E. CALDWELL & CO., JEWELLERS, No. 902 CHESTNUT Street. Have largely increased their stock of DIAMONDS AND DIAMOND JEWELRY, EMERALDS, SAPPHIRES, PEARLS, OPALS AND CAMEOS. In Mountings of Exquisite Style, carefully prepared by the most Skillful Workmen. They also call particular attention to NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY IN ROMAN GOLD, GOLD AND ENAMEL, TURQUOISE, BLACK ONYX, BYZANTINE MOSAICS, AND PARIAN ENAMELS. (35 1m 1/2 w 1/2) No. 902 CHESTNUT Street. REFRIGERATORS. BISMARCK DRINKS PURE WATER. Our Fritz Drinks Filtered Water. Louis Napoleon Will Not Poison Himself with Muddy Water. All American citizens should preserve their health by drinking nothing but the pure limpid water that has passed through SCHARFF & WOOD'S Patent Filter and Cooler. Why suffer with the Gravel caused by mud? Why suffer with Gripping Pains caused by drinking Ice water, when by having your water filtered and cooled as nature filters and cools the pure Spring water, you may avoid these ills? The Schuykill water is rendered impure by the numerous factories, coal oil refineries, stanks, slaughter houses, dye works, etc., etc., which cluster on its banks. By forcing this impure water through SCHARFF & WOOD'S PATENT FILTER AND COOLER It is rendered as pure as the waters that run from the mountain fountains. The expense is nothing in comparison to the benefit derived from its use. In one season it will pay for itself in the saving of tea; it never gets out of order, and will last a life time. For further particulars send for a circular. JOHN WOOD, Jr., Proprietor.

FRY & HOWELL, GENERAL AGENTS, No. 327 WALNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA. THE FILTER AND COOLER can be seen in active operation at No. 327 CHESTNUT Street, where its workings will be cheerfully explained. 9 1 1m 1/2

ATLANTIC HOUSE, Newport, Rhode Island. BOARD REDUCED. This Hotel will be opened MAY 30, at \$2-50 per day for transient boarders. Families may make special arrangements by the week or season. WM. W. HAZARD, PROPRIETOR. OCEAN HOUSE, CAPE MAY, N. J. Good accommodations can be had at this FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Address 8 17 1m 1/2 LYCETT & SAWYER, Proprietors.

COLONNADE HOTEL, FIFTEENTH AND CHESTNUT STS., ENTIRELY NEW AND HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, is now ready for permanent or transient guests. FINANCIAL DREXEL & CO., No. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET. American and Foreign BANKERS, ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT available on presentation in any part of Europe. Travellers can make all their financial arrangements through us, and we will collect their interest and dividends without charge. DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., DREXEL, HARRIS & CO., New York. Maria, 9

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION. PHILADELPHIA MUSICAL ACADEMY. Books are now open for the reception of pupils for the new quarter, beginning September 5. Those desiring to become students will please apply at the office. No. 1228 SPRUCE Street. INSTRUCTORS, DE P. A. & M. E. N. T. FOR STUDY OF THE PIANO-FORTE. JOHN F. HIMMELSBACH, RICHARD ZECKWER, RUDOLPH HENNIG, EMIL GASTEL, ENSEMBLE PERFORMANCE—VIOLIN, VIOLONCELLO, ETC., WITH PIANO. WENZEL KOPTA, FRED. RUDOLPH HENNIG, GRAND ORGAN. LIKEWISE PIANO ORGAN, CABINET ORGAN. VIOLIN. WENZEL KOPTA. VIOLONCELLO. RUDOLPH HENNIG. VOCAL MUSIC. EMIL GASTEL. THEORY. JOHN F. HIMMELSBACH. PRIMARY DEPARTMENT FOR PIANO-FORTE, MISS SHELIE BYWATER. EDWARD KOCH. CORNER CARL PLAGMANN. Other Orchestral Instruments, Violation, French, Italian, and German taught by experienced instructors. TERMS: Main Department, \$15 per quarter, payable in advance. Primary Department, \$7-50 per quarter, payable in advance. Circulars at the Music Stores. PROPRIETORS AND DIRECTORS: JOHN F. HIMMELSBACH, RUDOLPH HENNIG. 8 30 1m 1/2 31

WEST PENN SQUARE SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 5 SOUTH MERRICK Street (formerly Mrs. M. E. Mitchell's). The Fall Term of this school will begin on THURSDAY, September 10, at 10 o'clock. MISS AGNES IRWIN, Principal. 8 31 1m 1/2

SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN, NORTH WEST PENN SQUARE.—The school year for 1870 and 1871 will commence on MONDAY, the 13th of September. T. W. BRAHMOOD, Principal. 8 31 1m 1/2

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, Nos. 1527 AND 1529 SPRUCE Street, Philadelphia, will reopen on THURSDAY, September 2, 1870, the language of the family, and is constantly open in the institute. 6 15 1m 1/2 D. DERRILL, Principal. YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, No. 1922 MOUNT VERNON Street, Sixth Semi-Annual Term begins on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15. Call or send for circular. 9 2 2m

OAKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, NORRISTOWN, Pa., will commence its Twenty-sixth Year September 1, 1870. For circulars address, J. GRIER RALSTON. 8 6 1m 1/2

EDUCATIONAL. RUGBY ACADEMY, FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS, No. 1415 LOCUST Street.

EDWARD CLARENCE SMITH, A. M., Principal. This School will enter upon its sixth year completely reorganized. Rooms improved, and rented with handsome furniture. Pupils prepared for business life. Thorough course in the English Branches and Mathematics. Pupils prepared for high standing in College. Special instruction in French, German, Drawing, Penmanship, Book-keeping, Natural Science. A carefully organized Primary Department. Special features—an unsurpassed locality, spacious and well-ventilated rooms, with high ceiling, a retired play ground. Next session begins September 12. Circulars at No. 1415 LOCUST St. Applicants received daily. Testimonial from Hon. William Strong, U. S. Supreme Court. PHILADELPHIA, June 15, 1870. During the last two years my son has been an attendant of the school of Mr. Edward Clarence Smith, known as Rugby Academy. I can unqualifiedly commend Mr. Smith to those who have sons to be educated as a superior instructor, devoted to his work, kind and firm in his management of his pupils, and to all respects qualified for success in his profession. W. STRONG.

H. V. LAUDERBACH'S ACADEMY FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS, ASSOCIATED BUILDINGS, No. 108 South TENTH Street. A Primary, Elementary, and Finishing School. Thorough preparation for Business or College. Special attention given to Commercial Arithmetic and all kinds of Business Calculations. French and German, Linear and Perspective Drawing, Elocution, English Composition, Natural Science. FIELD PRACTICE in Surveying and Civil Engineering, with the use of all requisite instruments, is given to the higher classes in Mathematics. A first-class Primary Department. The best ventilated, most lofty and spacious Class-rooms in the city. Open for the reception of applicants daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Fall term will begin September 12. Circulars at Mr. Warrington's, No. 430 Chestnut St. 8 18

EDGEHILL, MERCANTILE, N. J., WILL BE opened for SUMMER BOARDERS from July 1 to September 15, 1870. The House is new and pleasantly located, with plenty of shade. Rooms large and airy, a number of them communicating, and with first-class board. A few families can be accommodated by applying early. For particulars call on or address REV. T. W. CATTELL, Merchantville, N. J. 7 1

HALLOWELL SELECT HIGH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS, which has been removed from No. 110 N. Tenth street, will be opened on September 19 in the new and more commodious buildings Nos. 112 and 114 N. NINTH Street. Neither effort nor expense has been spared in fitting up the rooms, to make this a first-class school of the highest grade. A Preparatory Department is connected with the school. Parents and students are invited to call and examine the rooms and consult the Principals from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. GEORGE EASTBURN, A. B., JOHN G. MOORE, M. S., Principals. 8 17 1/2

HAMILTON INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 320 CHESTNUT Street, West Philadelphia. Day and Boarding School. This institution having successfully completed its fourth year, has become one of the established schools of our city. Its course of instruction includes thorough English and Classical Education, embracing Mental, Moral, and Physical culture. The school will open on MONDAY, September 12, at 10 o'clock. For terms, etc., apply at the school. 8 29 1/2 PHILIP A. CROGGAR, Principal. EILDON SEMINARY.—MISS CARR'S SELECT Boarding School for Young Ladies will RE-OPEN SEPTEMBER 14, 1870. It is situated at the York Road Station of the North Pennsylvania Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia. The Principal may be consulted personally at her residence during the summer, or by letter addressed to Shoemaker Post Office, Montgomery county, Pa. Circulars can be obtained also at the office of JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, Philadelphia. 8 8

THE SIXTEENTH ACADEMIC YEAR OF SPRING GARDEN ACADEMY, N. E. corner of EIGHTH and BUTTWOOD Streets, begins Tuesday, September 13, 1870. Applications for admission or for college. JOHN L. LAMBERTON, A. M., Principal. 8 22 1m

CENTRAL INSTITUTE, N. W. CORNER OF TENTH and SPRING GARDEN Streets, will reopen MONDAY, September 6. Parents are invited to call after August 25, and prepare for business or for college. JOHN L. LAMBERTON, A. M., Principal. 8 22 1m

YOUNG MEN AND BOYS' ENGLISH CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, No. 1922 MOUNT VERNON Street, reopens September 5. Thorough preparation for Business or College. Has a Preparatory Department for small boys. 8 27 1m Rev. J. S. HANCOCK, A. M., Principal. WEST PENN SQUARE SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 5 SOUTH MERRICK Street (formerly Mrs. M. E. Mitchell's). The Fall Term of this school will begin on THURSDAY, September 10, at 10 o'clock. MISS AGNES IRWIN, Principal. 8 31 1m 1/2

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